## West Dunbartonshire HSCP EU- Exit Assurance Action Plan – July 2021

<u>Background:</u> The themes of Issues/Risks identified below are based on the updated UK and Scottish Planning assumptions (September 2020). On the 31<sup>st</sup> December, the Transition Period concluding EU Law jurisdiction in the UK and access to the EU Single Market ended. The new relationship is now will be defined by the EU-UK Trade and Cooperation Agreement (TCA).

The undernoted risks were identified and mitigating action was put in place to minimise any disruption. The Civil Contingencies Officer reached out to the contributing officers in the middle of July (2021) to determine if there were any concerns as a result of the UK departure from the EU. At this time, the risks and mitigating actions remain unchanged. The document will remain live and will be regularly reviewed and updated, if required.

Contributing Officers – Jen Watt, Civil Contingencies Officer (CCS); Lynda Dinnie, Facilities Manager; Audrey Slater, Head of People and Change (HSCP); Julie Slavin, Chief Financial Officer (HSCP); Sylvia Chatfield, Head of Mental Health, Learning Disability and Addictions, and Jonathan Hinds, Head of Children's Health, Care & Criminal Justice.

	Travel, Freight & Borders – Jen Watt – July 2021				
Broad Risk	WD HSCP Impact	Action/Mitigation	Comments Updated – Jen Watt July 2021		
Transport	- Key medicines/equipment and PPE may be delayed.	Continue the positive dialogue with GPs and Pharmaceutical colleagues that have been in place.	We will continue to liaise with NHS colleagues to obtain early notification of issues nationally and monitor.		
		Ongoing talks to Government and NHS about how EU Exit might affect medicine supplies, equipment and PPE in the short medium and long term.	The formation of a senior Pharmacy Incident Response Team has been identified to address urgent and emerging issues with medicines supply.  There have been no issues locally.		
		A Serious Short Protocol would be introduced in the case of a serious shortage and is only one tool that can be used to manage shortages. The Govt has well established processes for managing shortages in collaboration with manufacturers and suppliers, clinicians, NHS and			

		the Medicines and Healthcare		
		Products Regulatory Agency,		
Disruption to Service – Jen Watt, Lynda Dinnie, Julie Slavin - July 2021				
Broad Risk	WD HSCP Impact	Action/Mitigation	Comments Update - Jen Watt, Lynda Dinnie, Julie	
			Slavin - July 2021	
Reduction, delay or stoppage in supply of medicines and medical supplies specially, radiopharmaceuticals, blood products, medical devices and clinical consumables. It is anticipated that any disruption will occur during the first three months after the end of the transition period.	<ul> <li>While this issue is being coordinated nationally by the NHS, there is potential impact on Care Homes, Care at Home and Healthcare</li> <li>A shortage of some medicines were been reported but not necessarily attributable to EU-Exit.</li> </ul>	Continue the positive dialogue with GPs and Pharmaceutical colleagues that have been in place.  Pharmacy teams are constantly reviewing and updating local processes for managing medicine shortages.  Incontinence Care products are hosted across Glasgow Greater and Clyde (GGC) so any additional cost would be picked up by the host.  Hand Hygiene Products – Care Homes and Home Care Teams estimate that 6K per month is spent on aprons, bibs and gloves, pressure care products and protective clothing. PPE should be procured through BAU routes however, NSS Hub arrangements was extended until June 2021 then the Memorandum of Understand was extended until March next year.	NHS have nationally provided updates as follows: Pharmacy team have reviewed & updated local processes for managing medicines shortages including assessing whether additional people resource is required.  SG has established a Scottish Medicine Shortage Response Group which will review evidence and intelligence, recommend action, and instigate escalation to the UK Medicines Shortage Group, of which SG is a member.  The supply of PPE is stable and stock regularly replenished through supplies from NSS to local hubs. This arrangement is in place until the end of March 2022.	

Reduction of Clinical Consumables	Insufficient Incontinence Care Products, Hand Hygiene Products, Aprons, Bibs gloves, moving handling products etc	As a result of Covid-19 costs have inflated due to COVID-19 and the need for additional PPE.  Moving and Handling products – this type of equipment is purchased through Equipu contracts – Glasgow are the lead host authority therefore would be responsible for any additional costs. There was a reduction in activity due to COVID-19 restrictions and backlog in assessments.	
Certain types of fresh food supply may decrease / prices of certain foods may increase	<ul> <li>Potential additional costs for services that purchase / supply food</li> <li>Impacts on food provision at care homes and children homes. Possible food increase of 15% to 20% due to tariff changes, sterling depreciation and boarder disruption.</li> </ul>		Facilities Services continue to maintain a very limited stock of tinned and dried food that is maintained year round, in case of single premise emergencies – while this is not EU Exit specific, it could be utilised in the event of a localised issue being experienced. It has recently been suggested that Care Homes and children's houses should hold their own emergency stock items. School Food Legislation is very strict and the types of products which Facilities Services hold are unlikely to benefit in the HSCP setting.  WDC has continued to monitor this and in line with Govt and CoSLA recommendations, there is no intention to stockpile beyond this contingency as storage capacity and freezer space prohibits this.

Care Home Closures - Commissioned care being handed back to HSCPs		Central Procurement contacted all external providers of care services – Care homes, Home Care and Supporting Living to complete a template, which covered workforce and supply chain.  Surveys were also sent to Care homes to review their EU-Exit preparedness.	In addition, if we started to see local shortages catering managers and cooks have their own procurement cards, which they presently use to purchase provisions via Scot Exel Suppliers however, the cards can also be used elsewhere if necessary.  The response was only around 20%. However, those who did reply did not highlight any immediate risks to workforce, as those employed are mainly British Nationals. Although, concern about the availability of fresh food and medicines was highlighted.  The most immediate risk to external care home providers is related to the impacts of Covid-19 on reduced occupancy levels and staff absence. This is monitored on a daily basis and HSCP support provided where appropriate and regular sustainability payments have been made (in line with CoSLA guidance) since October 2020.
	Workforce – /	Audrey Slater HR Lead HSCP – July 2	2021
Broad Risk	WDC HSCP Impact	Action/Mitigation	Comments
Loss of employees – both highly skilled and lower skilled / entry level	<ul> <li>Impact on Care for People.         Agency Employees     </li> <li>Potential risk if contracts are subcontracted companies employing EU nations</li> <li>Increased pressure on unpaid carers</li> </ul>	Signposting of key information / support in relation to EU Workers within the Council https://www.gov.scot/brexit/	<b>90% of Care at Home</b> is delivered by Council Workforce with <b>no immediate concerns</b> around EU Nationals as this is predominately comprised of local residents who are UK citizen. In addition, WDC does not have reliable figures for the numbers of EU nationals living and working in West Dunbartonshire. WD HSCP has deemed this risk as <b>LOW</b> .

	<ul> <li>Potential Failures of external providers delivering Care at Home due to employees shortages</li> <li>The impact of EU withdrawal may result in a loss of skilled labour in key sectors. Whilst construction is one obvious area of risk where skilled labour is already tight, West Dunbartonshire also has a significant Healthcare workforce in the Golden Jubilee Hospital which is due to expand as an NHS centre of excellence.</li> </ul>		The Council itself invests in apprenticeships training and works closely with local colleges to increase the number of apprenticeships in specific areas of predicted demand. However, these actions will not be of sufficient scale and will not address short-term shocks to labour supply.  There was an initial concern around the loss of EU workers driving up demand for labour, and the current labour pool in the City Region cannot easily and quickly replace these people. As a consequence there could have been pressures on the supply and cost of skilled and indeed unskilled labour. This is currently low but could rise in years to come. At this time, there has been no local workforce issues.  Based on extrapolation from the work of the Fraser of Allander there could be between 2000 to 4000 EU nationals living in West Dunbartonshire, However, it is considered that this figure is unlikely to be representative of WD area. It is more likely that the majority of them are employed/reside elsewhere in the City Region.
	Concurrent Ris	∟ sks – Julie Slavin and Jen Watt – Ju	ly 2021
Broad Risk	WD HSCP Impact	Action/Mitigation	Comments
Seasonal Flu	- If there is an impact on the procurement to the flu vaccination this could have impact on the well-being of our most vulnerable in society	Continued engagement with Scottish Government Health Resilience Unit, NHS Boards and Health and Social Care Partnerships.	Seasonal Vaccination Programme Vaccines for the Seasonal Programme as procured by NHS Scotland National Procurement. This year's flu vaccine programme aims to begin in September and complete by November 2021. There are no concerns around the delivery of the vaccine as a result of EU Exit.
			The Mass Vaccination Programme is being successful delivered across WDC, there were some issues with the supply chain initially however this was rectified early on it

Disruptive Weather  Global Pandemic (COVID 19)	<ul> <li>Potential for unprecedented weather conditions which leads to reduction of employees, putting pressures on services to deliver</li> <li>The ability to respond to two concurrent issues ensuring our workforce remain safe and well.</li> <li>The residents of WDC becoming unwell putting additional pressure on NHS GGC and local care at home teams.</li> </ul>	Business Continuity Plans in place. Resilience Structures continue to be in place for COVID-19 and can flex accordingly.	is unclear if this was a result EU Exit. We are now gearing up for the delivery of the Covid-19 Booster and Seasonal Flu Programme in conjunction with WDC colleagues.  Regular weather monitoring in place by CCS and Roads Service.
	Other Impacts –	Julie Slavin Finance Lead HSCP –Ju	ly 2021
Broad Risk	WD HSCP Impact	Action/Mitigation	Comments
Significant impact on support for older/disabled people/those with mental health issues	In the early stages of EU Exit preparedness, it was recognised that older people that do not require any services from the HSCP may require additional	Continue to monitor	The short supply of certain anti-depressants has stabilised, although the price remains above previous year's rates.

Increase in unscheduled care and delayed discharge	support if there were medicine or food shortages that may affect their wellbeing and subsequently require support from HSCP. The same could also be said from those with addictions and mental health issues -*Supplies have stabilised.	Continue to monitor (at present no issues as a result of EU Exit)	Over the last year and a half, we have seen how quickly the HSCP responded to the pandemic and how quickly services mobilised to provide support remotely or face to face after appropriate risk assessment. There are also new pathways into mental health and addiction services funded by the Scottish Government through Local Mobilisation Plans.  For those who are not known/open to services at this stage referrals through the "Duty Team" allow access to HSCP services/support. This promotes the positive dialogue with GPs and Pharmaceutical colleagues.
Social care providers willing but unable to meet requirements		Continue to monitor (at present no issues as a result of EU Exit)	PPE requirements are met through regular deliveries by NSS to local HSCP hubs. Section 12 payments continue to be used to support families in distress and this includes support for food costs and other essentials. No notable variation in need or demand to date and this continues to be monitored by finance and social work managers.
Children and families Social Work Section 12 payment	Overtime we may see an increase due to increase food costs and inflation putting pressure on HSCP to fund those falling below the breadline.	Continue to monitor (at present no issues as a result of EU Exit)	Locally there has been no impact on the most vulnerable as a result of EU Exit. Given the sensitive nature of this risk the HSCP will continue to actively monitor and escalate any concerns.
Adult Social Care - consider loss or shortage of workers	The impact on the adult social care workforce is expected to be minimal in West Dunbartonshire, as this workforce is predominantly comprised of local	Continue to monitor. Transferring employees within the HSCP who have received appropriate training	Risk low – currently no impact

who provide routine services	residents who are UK citizens. No impact at this time.	to pressure points. This is not as a result of EU Exit.	

	Business Continuity – Jen Watt – July 2021			
Broad risk	WD Impact(s)	Action	Comments	
Assess impact of EU-	Potential disruption to	A review of the Council and	Business Continuity planning remains an operational focus. Any changes will	
Exit on Business	services	HSCP will be undertaken this	be reflected into the respective Business Continuity Plans.	
Continuity Plans	- Food	year taking cognisance of the		
	- Medicines	lessons learned from COVID-	CoSLA has stood down the frequency of the EU Exit calls however, the CCO	
	- Employees	19.	continues to dial in and disseminate key information.	
		Continued engagement with		
		CoSLA and Scottish		
		Government.		
		Civil Contingencies Officer		
		(CCO) continues to dial into		
		COSLA teleconferences		
		Resilience Structures in place:		
		Local Response Management		
		Team (LRMT), Strategic		
		Resilience Group (SRG),		
		Operational Resilience Group		
		(ORG) and Resilience Group		
		(RG).		